Of the respondents to the Haitian post-earthquake cell-phone survey, nearly half reported that their household had become separated. In addition, anywhere from 1 to 10 household members were reported missing. It can also be seen that education history had no significant affect on whether a household stayed or separated. However, it does point out that most went up to secondary school.

Most of those who decided to move away due to their buildings being destroyed seemed to be living in tents or other places. More survivors relocated farther away (more than an hour) than nearby (less than an hour) from their pre-quake place.

The percent of Haitians still working among respondents and other people (household members, friends, etc) they reported dropped in general. About a fifth of the respondents themselves were not working 5 months after the earthquake.